2Q of Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025

# **Financial Results**

November 13, 2024

**UT Group Co., Ltd.** 

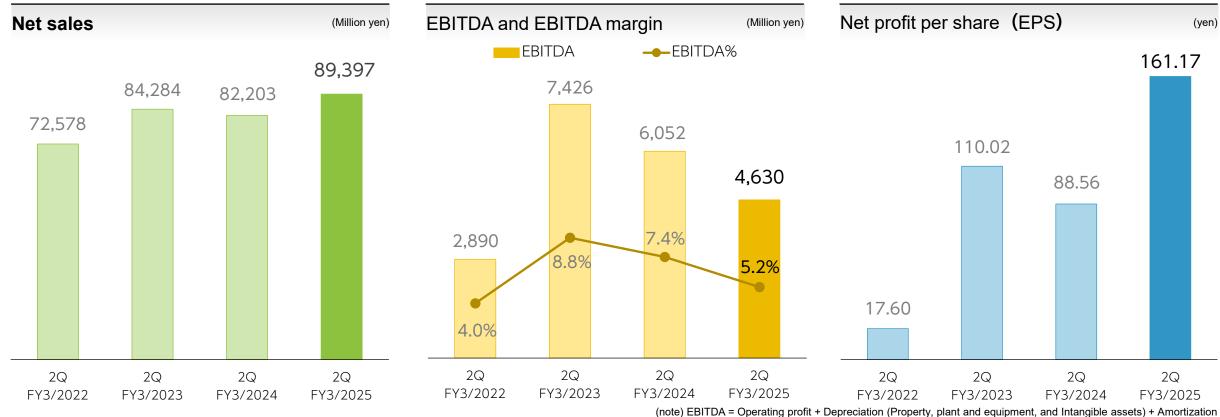
Securities Code: 2146(TSE Prime Market)



FY3/2025 2Q (Interim) Financial Resultsarial

# **Highlights**

- Achieved record-high 1H sales thanks to the expanded workforce as a result of the enhanced hiring and the impact of newlyconsolidated companies.
- Lower operating rates, which continued from 1Q, resulted in a lower gross profit in 1H.
- The SG&A expense to sales ratio rose mainly due to an increase in hiring expenses by the enhanced hiring activities and additional personnel expenses of newly-consolidated subsidiaries.
- The recording of extraordinary income (gain on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates of approx. 5.9 billion yen)
  contributed to achieving a record-high 1H EPS.



# Summary of Statement of Income

[million yen]

	2Q of FY	3/2024	2Q of FY	3/2025	Y-o-Y change			
	Results	% to net sales	Results	% to net sales	Amount	%		
Net sales	82,203	100.0%	89,397	100.0%	7,194	8.8%		
Gross profit	15,005	18.3%	15,203	17.0%	197	1.3%		
SG&A expenses	9,764	11.9%	11,598	13.0%	1,833	18.8%		
EBITDA	6,052	7.4%	4,630	5.2%	-1,421	-23.5%		
Operating profit	5,241	6.4%	3,604	4.0%	-1,636	-31.2%		
Ordinary profit	5,218	6.3%	3,691	4.1%	-1,526	-29.3%		
Net profit attributable to UT Group	3,536	4.3%	6,411	7.2%	2,874	81.3%		
EPS (yen)	88.56	_	161.17	-	72.61	82.0%		
No. of Tech employees (Domestic)	31,660	_	34,365	_	2,705	8.5%		
No. of Tech employees (Overseas)	13,878	_	21,237	_	7,359	53.0%		

#### Net sales

 Achieved record-high interim sales thanks to the workforce expansion by strengthening recruitment and addition of newly-consolidated companies.

### Gross profit margin

 In preparation for the expansion phase, we have strengthened recruitment methods to shorten the lead time to assign new hires. The operation rate was lower due to production adjustments by some automakers.

### SG&A expenses

- Of ¥1.83 billion y-o-y increase, about ¥0.55 billion increase was attributable to the M&A activities.
- Increases of ¥0.7 billion in personnel expenses, ¥0.49 billion in hiring expenses and ¥0.21 billion in goodwill amortization and depreciation

### Technical employees (Japan)

• Net increase as a result of the new subsidiaries.

### Technical employees (overseas)

 A significant net increase due to an increase in demand accompanying the recovery of the manufacturing industry in Vietnam and the receipt of a large project.

(note) EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization

### Recent M&A Activities

Newly-consolidated companies in manufacturing dispatch

### Benext Partners Inc. (Acquired its shares on April 1, 2024)

- · Acquired 100.0% of its shares from Open Up Group Inc.
- · Renamed to UT Partners Co., Ltd.

### Hitachi Ibaraki Technical Service Ltd.

(Acquired on May 1, 2024)

- · Acquired 51.0% of its shares from Hitachi Ltd.
- · Renamed to UT-HITES., Ltd.

Sale of subsidiaries in engineering dispatch

# UT Technology Co., Ltd. UT Construction Co., Ltd. (Sold on April 1, 2024)

- Sold 100.0% of shares of those IT/construction engineer dispatch subsidiaries to Open Up Group Inc.
- The Engineering Segment of UT Group ceased to exist from FY3/2025.

Area Business: [million yen]
Impact of new subsidiaries
\* Restated FY3/2024 results in the new segments

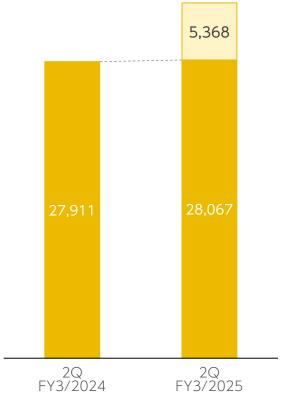
Existing

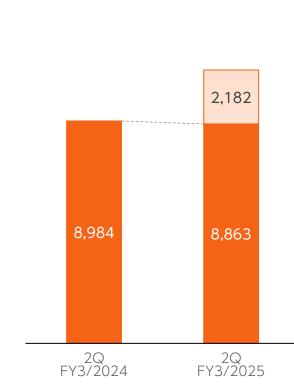


**Solution Business:** 

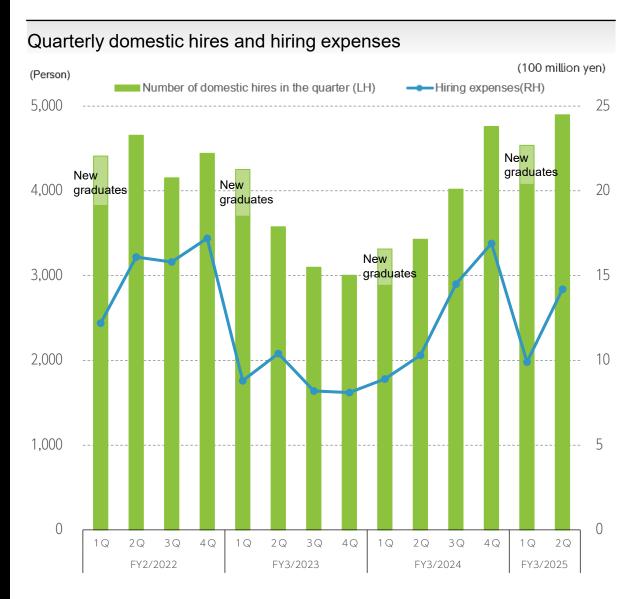
Impact of new subsidiaries

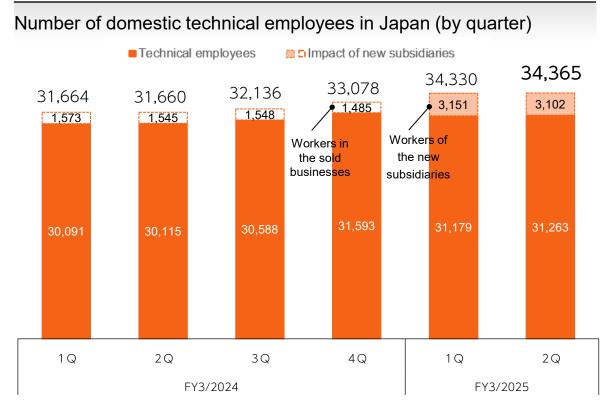
[million ven]





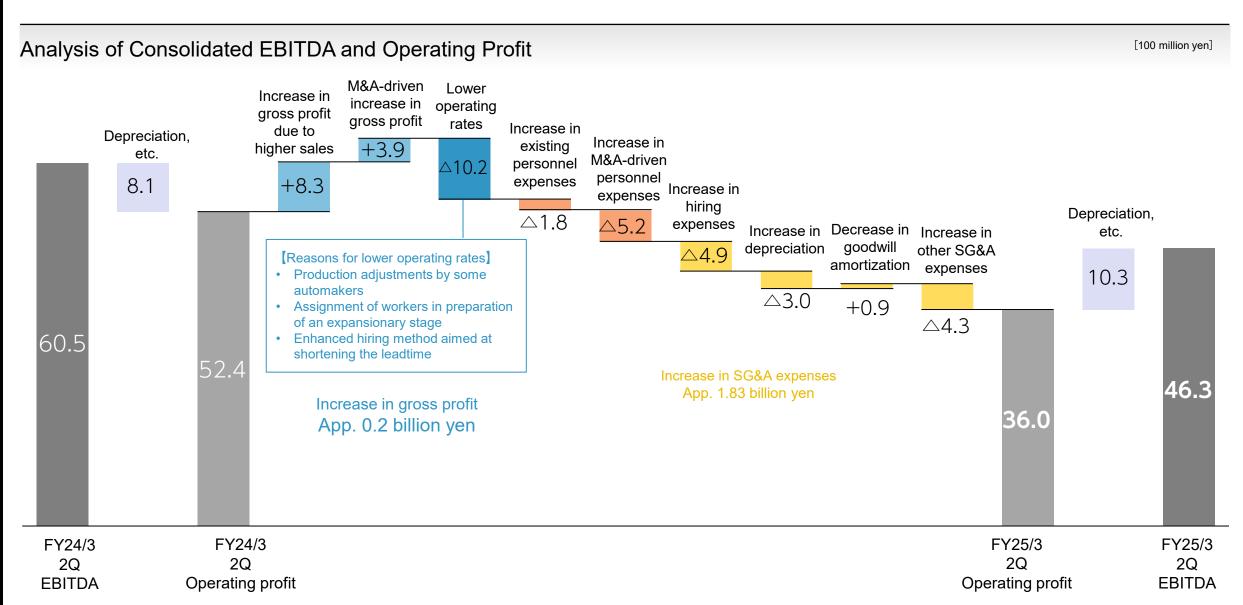
# Trend in Hiring and the Number of Technical Employees in Japan





A record-high number of new hires in 2Q but a small net increase in the total number of technical employees

# Decrease in Profit due to Lower Gross Margin and Increase in Expenses



# (Reference) Analysis of SG&A expenses

(million yen)

	FY3/2021					F	Y3/202	22			FY3/2023			FY3/2024				FY3/2025							
	1 Q	2 <b>Q</b>	3 <b>Q</b>	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 Q	3 <b>Q</b>	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 <b>Q</b>	3 <b>Q</b>	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 <b>Q</b>	3 <b>Q</b>	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 <b>Q</b>	3 <b>Q</b>	4 Q	Full year
personnel expenses	1,665	1,981	1,828	1,837	7,311	2,246	2,362	2,547	2,391	9,546	2,403	2,414	2,393	2, 510	9,720	2,424	2,309	2,371	2,458	9,564	2,819	2,614			
ratio to sales	6.4%	7.3%	6.2%	5.7%	6.4%	6.4%	6.3%	6.1%	5.6%	6.1%	5.8%	5.7%	5.5%	5.9%	5.7%	5.9%	5.6%	5.5%	5.9%	5.7%	6.4%	5.8%			
Hiring expenses	151	267	770	1,218	2,406	1,215	1,608	1,575	1,719	6,117	877	1,041	817	812	3,549	886	1,030	1,451	1,689	5,058	985	1,417			
ratio to sales	0.6%	1.0%	2.6%	3.7%	2.1%	3.5%	4.3%	3.8%	4.0%	3.9%	2.1%	2.4%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%	2.1%	2.5%	3.4%	4.0%	3.0%	2.2%	3.1%			
depreciation and amortization of goodwill	171	181	218	256	826	309	303	305	307	<b>1,22</b> 5	267	308	320	327	1,223	452	352	355	418	1,578	503	514			
ratio to sales	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	1.1%	0.9%	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%	1.1%	1.1%			
Other	883	831	1,029	1,152	3,895	1,058	1,086	1,196	1,285	4,625	1,083	1,053	990	1,002	4,130	1,166	1,143	1,183	1,400	4,894	1,399	1,345			
ratio to sales	3.4%	3.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.4%	3.0%	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	3.0%	2.6%	2.5%	2.3%	2.4%	2.4%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	3.3%	2.9%	3.2%	3.0			
SG&A Expenses	2,870	3,260	3,845	4,463	14,438	4,828	5,359	5,623	5,703	21,513	4,631	4,817	4,521	4,653	18,624	4,929	4,835	5,363	5.967	21,095	5,707	5,890			
ratio to sales	11.1%	12.0%	13.0%	13.7%	12.5%	13.7%	14.3%	13.6%	13.3%	13.7%	11.1%	11.3%	10.3%	10.9%	10.9%	12.0%	11.8%	12.5%	14.2%	12.6%	12.9%	13.0%			

(note)Results for 3Q, 4Q and Full-year of FY3/2023 exclude the stock-based compensation expenses

# Quarterly Changes in Sales and Number of Technical Employees



### **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

[million yen]

March 31,	2024	September	30, 2024	Change from the end of the previous FY		
	% to total assets	Results	% to total assets	Amount	%	
54,213	79.2%	56,241	78.4%	2,027	3.7%	
29,318	42.8%	32,058	44.7%	2,739	9.3%	
22,519	32.9%	22,295	31.1%	-230	-1.0%	
14,242	20.8%	15,520	21.6%	1,277	9.0%	
821	1.2%	861	1.2%	40	4.9%	
11,264	16.5%	12,072	16.8%	807	7.2%	
5,560	8.1%	6,129	8.5%	568	10.2%	
2,157	3.2%	2,587	3.6%	429	19.9%	
68,456	100.0%	71,762	100.0%	3,305	4.8%	
24,967	36.5%	25,276	35.2%	308	1.2%	
4,368	6.4%	3,526	4.9%	-505	-15.3%	
9,046	13.2%	8,385	11.7%	-661	-7.3%	
7,900	11.5%	6,620	9.2%	-1,279	-16.2%	
34,443	50.3%	38,101	53.1%	3,657	10.6%	
27,007	39.5%	29,991	41.8%	2,983	11.0%	
5,862	8.6%	5,746	8.0%	-115	-2.0%	
68,456	100.0%	71,762	100.0%	3,305	4.8%	
△0.6	_	△0.7	_		_	
20.3%	_	20.07%	_		_	
	54,213 29,318 22,519 14,242 821 11,264 5,560 2,157 68,456 24,967 4,368 9,046 7,900 34,443 27,007 5,862 68,456 △0.6	style="background-color: light;">assets         54,213       79.2%         29,318       42.8%         22,519       32.9%         14,242       20.8%         821       1.2%         11,264       16.5%         5,560       8.1%         2,157       3.2%         68,456       100.0%         24,967       36.5%         4,368       6.4%         9,046       13.2%         7,900       11.5%         34,443       50.3%         27,007       39.5%         5,862       8.6%         68,456       100.0%         △0.6       —	% to total assets       Results         54,213       79.2%       56,241         29,318       42.8%       32,058         22,519       32.9%       22,295         14,242       20.8%       15,520         821       1.2%       861         11,264       16.5%       12,072         5,560       8.1%       6,129         2,157       3.2%       2,587         68,456       100.0%       71,762         24,967       36.5%       25,276         4,368       6.4%       3,526         9,046       13.2%       8,385         7,900       11.5%       6,620         34,443       50.3%       38,101         27,007       39.5%       29,991         5,862       8.6%       5,746         68,456       100.0%       71,762         △0.6       —       △0.7	% to total assets       Results       % to total assets         54,213       79.2%       56,241       78.4%         29,318       42.8%       32,058       44.7%         22,519       32.9%       22,295       31.1%         14,242       20.8%       15,520       21.6%         821       1.2%       861       1.2%         11,264       16.5%       12,072       16.8%         5,560       8.1%       6,129       8.5%         2,157       3.2%       2,587       3.6%         68,456       100.0%       71,762       100.0%         24,967       36.5%       25,276       35.2%         4,368       6.4%       3,526       4.9%         9,046       13.2%       8,385       11.7%         7,900       11.5%       6,620       9.2%         34,443       50.3%       38,101       53.1%         27,007       39.5%       29,991       41.8%         5,862       8.6%       5,746       8.0%         68,456       100.0%       71,762       100.0%         △0.6       —       △0.7       —	March 31, 2024         September 30, 2024         the previous the previous assets           % to total assets         Results         % to total assets         Amount           54,213         79.2%         56,241         78.4%         2,027           29,318         42.8%         32,058         44.7%         2,739           22,519         32.9%         22,295         31.1%         -230           14,242         20.8%         15,520         21.6%         1,277           821         1.2%         861         1.2%         40           11,264         16.5%         12,072         16.8%         807           5,560         8.1%         6,129         8.5%         568           2,157         3.2%         2,587         3.6%         429           68,456         100.0%         71,762         100.0%         3,305           24,967         36.5%         25,276         35.2%         308           4,368         6.4%         3,526         4.9%         -505           9,046         13.2%         8,385         11.7%         -661           7,900         11.5%         6,620         9.2%         -1,279           34,443	

#### Current assets

- · Decrease in notes and accounts receivable
- Increase in cash and deposits

#### Non-current assets

 Increase in goodwill and related other intangible assets due to M&A

#### **Current liabilities**

- Decrease in deposits received, accrued expenses, and accounts payable
- · Increase in income taxes payable, etc.

#### Non-current liabilities

- Increase in liabilities related to retirement benefits
- Decrease in long-term borrowings

#### Net assets

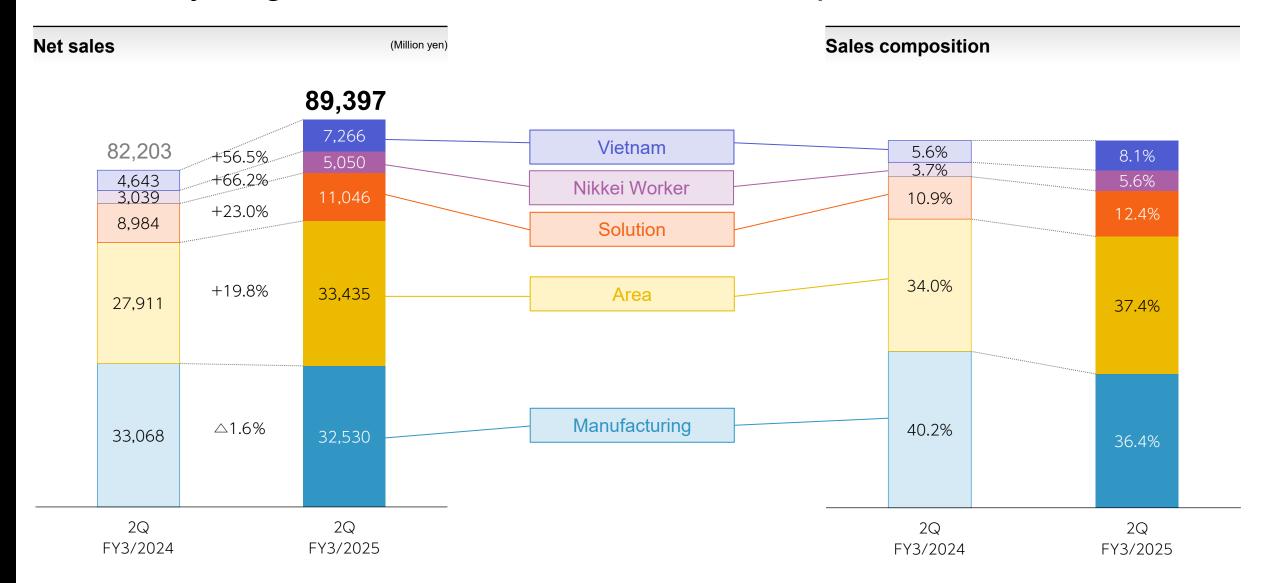
- · Dividend payment using retained earnings
- Recording of interim net profit attributable to owners of the parent
- Equity ratio 42.5% (40.0% as of March 31, 2024)

### **Outstanding shares**

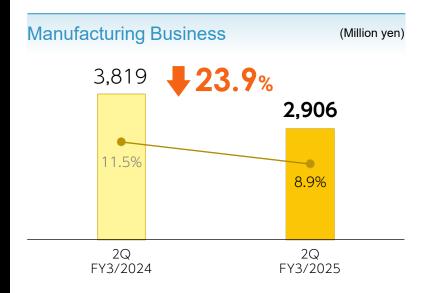
• End of 1H: 39,847,883 shares +148,500 shares vs. the end of FY3/2024

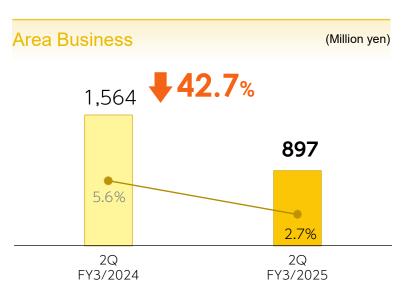
Results by segment

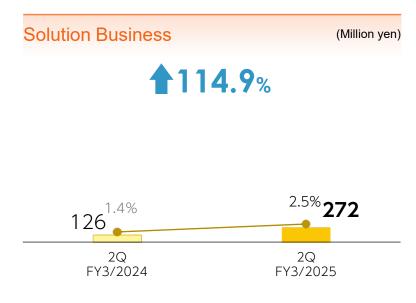
# Results by Segment: Net Sales and Sales Composition



# **EBITDA** by Segment

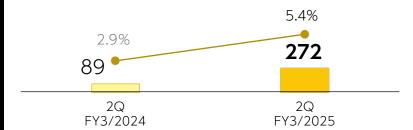












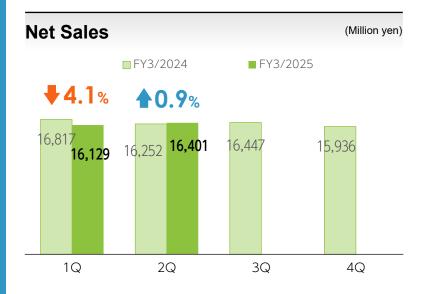


# Technical employees by Segment

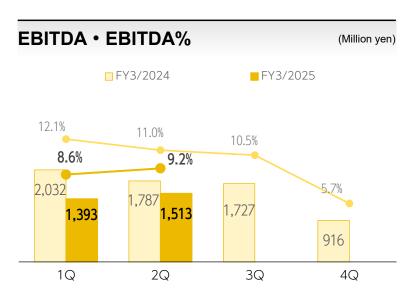


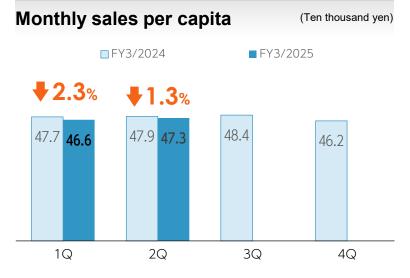
### **Manufacturing Business**

# Segment Results









### Sales and technical employees

- A y-o-y increase in sales as some semiconductor-related companies started adding workers from the end of 1Q
- Y-o-y and q-o-q increases in the number of tech employees but small net increases due to a higher turnover rate

### **EBITDA**

 Gross margin was depressed due to 1) an enhanced hiring method aimed at shorter lead time; 2) assignment of dispatch workers to workplaces in preparation for an expanding phase; and 3) some automobile-related companies' production adjustments.

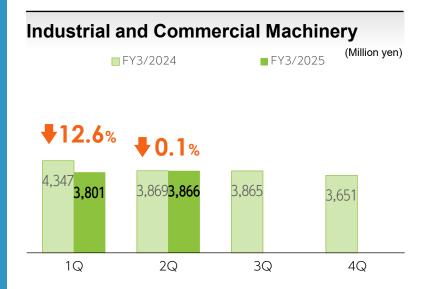
### [Ratio of hiring expenses]

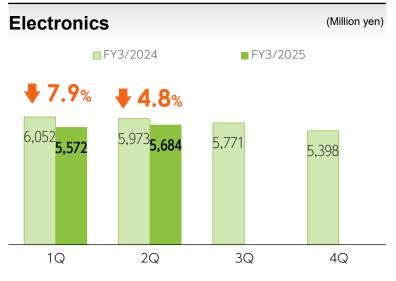
FY3/2024 2Q 2.3%  $\rightarrow$ FY3/2025 1Q 2.6%  $\rightarrow$  2Q 4.1%

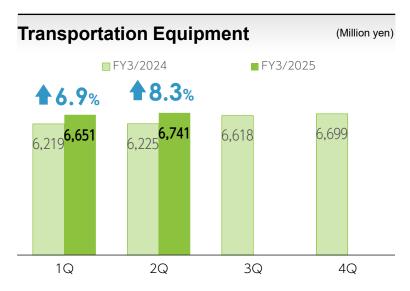


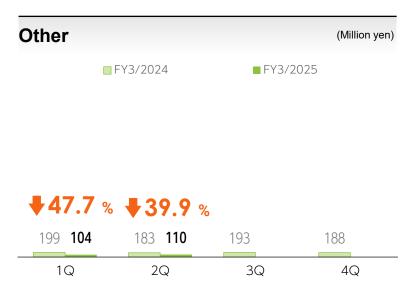
### **Manufacturing Business**

# Net Sales by Subsegment









### Industrial and Commercial Machinery

- Bottoming out of a net decrease in the number of tech workers caused by the incident of a certain client in battery manufacturing in the previous fiscal year
- A y-o-y uptrend in overall sales in the battery and SPE sectors excluding the above client
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Q-o-q and y-o-y increases in overtime hours

#### Electronics

- A turnaround to an increase in demand for additional workers mainly in the semiconductor memory-related sector from 1Q-end but a mixed trend by clients
- A slight y-o-y decrease in overtime hours and off-day work hours

### Transportation Equipment

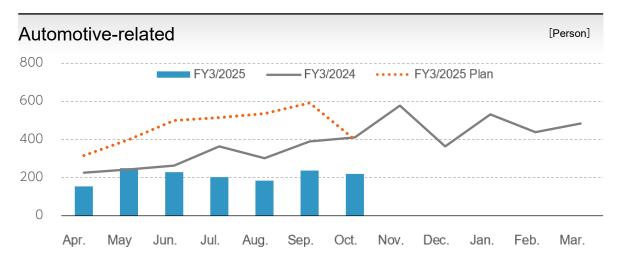
- The impact of operating adjustment caused by the shortage of components was eased and production activities recovered from FY3/2024. However, some automobile-related companies' production suspension led to a decline in overtime hours and off-day work hours. It also affected their related makers' demand for additional workers.
- Enhanced sales activities aimed at capturing demand for workers, that is not sensitive to production fluctuations.

### **Manufacturing Business**

### Trends in Job offers and Applicants





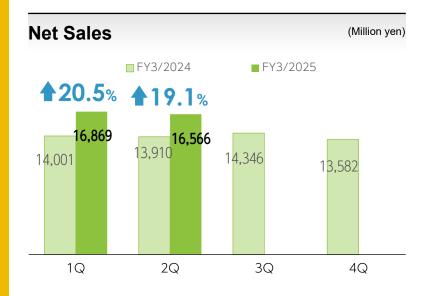


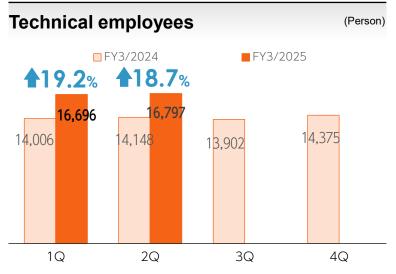
The results were mostly as planned for the semiconductor-related sector but below the plan for the automotive-related sector.

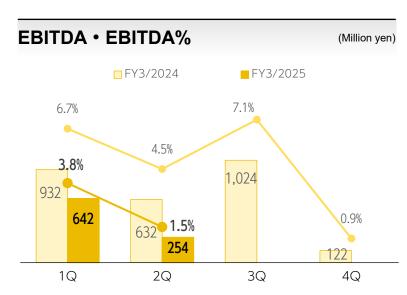
<sup>\*</sup>Correction of the number of jobs in semiconductor and automobile related industries for the previous period due to an error in the same graph in the 1Q financial results presentation.

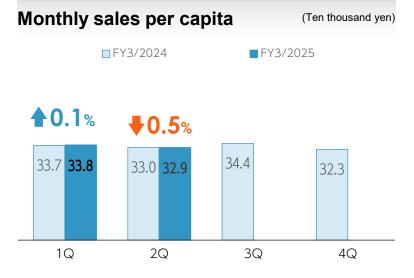
### **Area Business**

# Segment Results









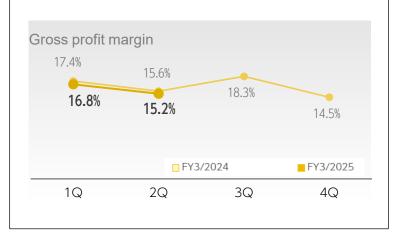
### Sales and technical employees

- Sales increase thanks to newly-consolidated BeNEXT Partners (renamed to UT Partners)
- Despite a significant y-o-y increase in the number of tech workers, a q-o-q net increase was small due to a higher turnover rate.

#### **EBITDA**

- A decline in gross margin due to the enhanced hiring method aimed at shorter lead time
- Focused on increasing new hires.
   [Ratio of hiring expenses]
   FY3/2024 2Q 3.1% →FY3/2025 1Q 2.5% → 2Q 3.6%
- A decline in EBITDA margin due to an increase in personnel and other SG&A expenses because of newly-consolidated companies [Ratio of personnel expenses]

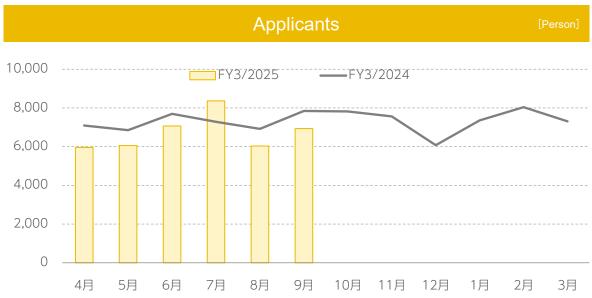
FY3/2024 2Q 3.9%  $\rightarrow$ FY3/2025 1Q 5.1%  $\rightarrow$  2Q 5.0%



### **Area Business**

### Trends in Job offers and Applicants (excluding M&As)





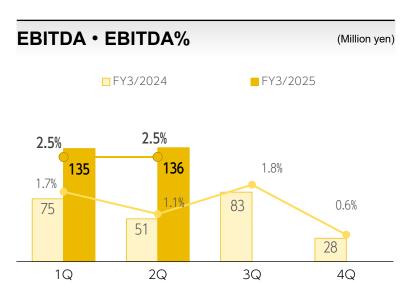
The Area Business focused on acquiring new projects at the beginning of FY3/2024, and the number of job offers rose steadily. The number of applicants was less than in FY3/2024 but stayed at a certain level.

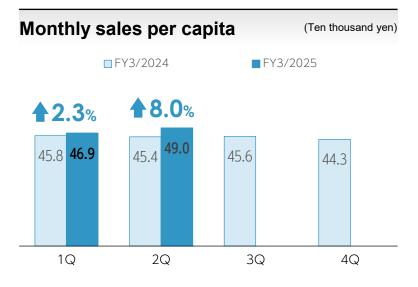
### **Solution Business**

# Segment Results









### Sales and technical employees

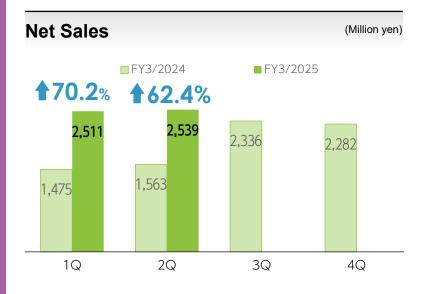
- A y-o-y Increase in the number of tech employees due to newly-consolidated Hitachi Ibaraki Technical Service (renamed to UT-HITES).
- Accelerated activities to make proposals aimed at acquiring new solution projects.
- UT Toshiba enhanced activities to hire new grads for 2025, in anticipation of semiconductor-related demand growth.
- Fujitsu UT and UT FSAS CREE focused on sales efforts to potential clients outside their former group and to make proposals in new areas.

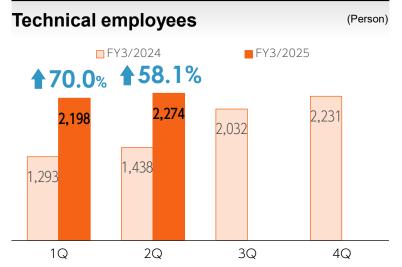
#### **EBITDA**

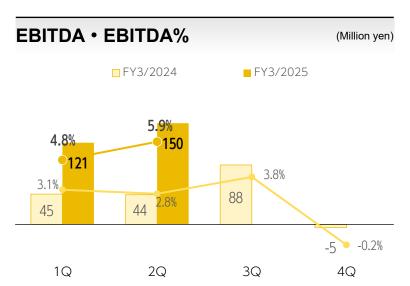
 Gross margin and the ratio of SG&A expenses to sales improved y-o-y, and the EBITDA margin increased.

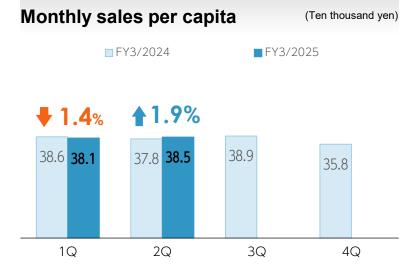
### **Nikkei Worker Business**

# Segment Results









### Sales and technical employees

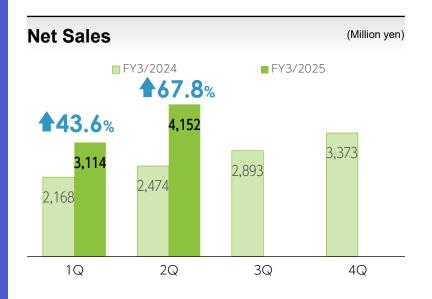
 A net increase in the number of tech employees and in sales due to 1) enhanced efforts to make manufacturing clients better understand the use of Nikkei Brazilian workers throughout FY3/2024 and 2) focus on establishing a hiring base for demonstrating a powerful mobility of workers at a demand recovery phase.

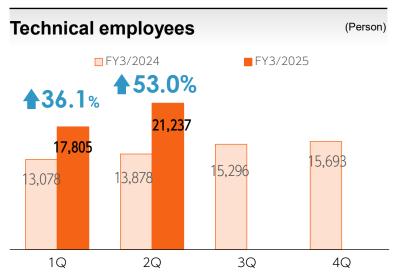
#### **EBITDA**

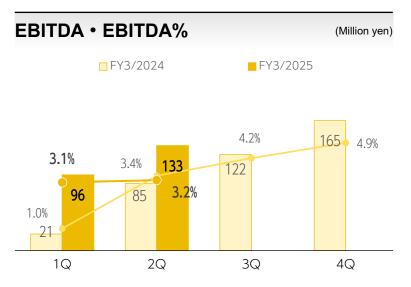
- An increase in gross margin due to a rise in the unit wage of dispatch workers
- Despite an increase in the hiring expenses caused by enhanced hiring activities, the ratio of SG&A expenses to sales was well contained with no increase in other expenses.

### **Vietnam Business**

# Segment Results





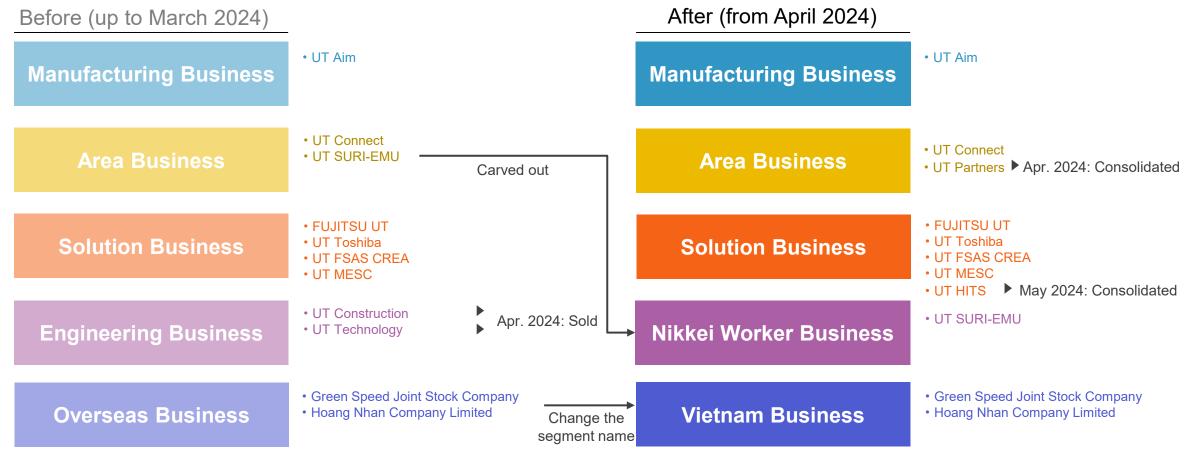


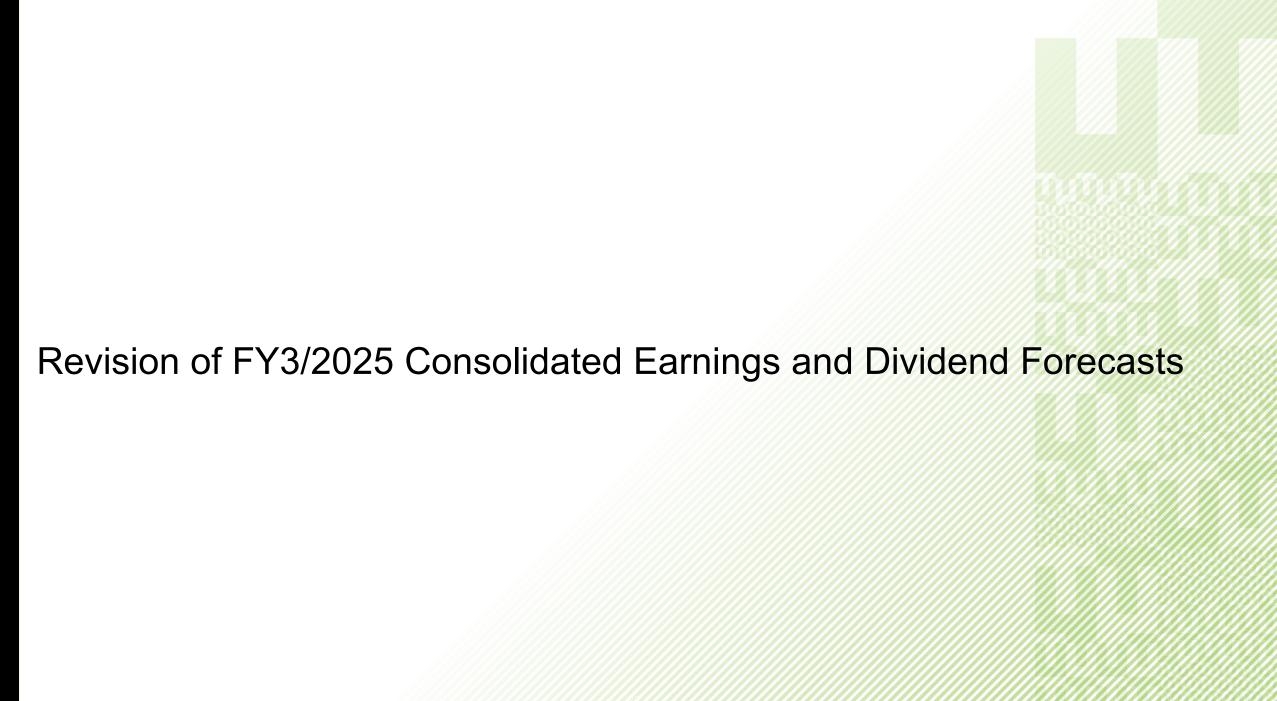
### Sales and technical employees

- Expanded sales activities from the south where the bases had been established up to the north of Vietnam centered around Ho Chi Minh and focused on acquiring projects.
- Significant net increase in tech workers by enhanced hiring efforts due to a gradual recovery in demand for manufacturing workers, which was sluggish in FY3/2024, the acquisition of a big project, and a growing demand in workers in the service sector.
- Affected by fluctuations in VND/JPY exchange rates.
   Impact on sales in 1Q and 2Q: +¥200M each EBITDA
- Gross margin was lower than 1H FY3/2024 but the SG&A expense ratio improved.

### Change in Segments and the Allocation Method of HQ expenses, etc. (from April 2024)

- Carved out of the Nikkei (Japanese origin) HR business from the Area Business
- Discontinued the Engineering Business due to the sale of the IT/construction engineer dispatch subsidiaries.
- Changed to a more rational allocation method to more properly manage segment performance. The segment profits for FY3/2024 have been restated.





# Revision of FY3/2025 Consolidated Earnings Forecasts

	FY3/2 Previous for		1 H	2H	FY3/2 Revised for	2025 recasts (B)	Increase /decrease	Change % (B/A)		
	Forecasts	% of net sales	Results	Forecasts	Forecasts	% of net sales	(B-A)			
Net sales	2,150	100.0%	893	938	1,831	100.0%	-319	-14.8%		
Gross profit	413	19.2%	152	159	311	17.0%	-102	-24.7%		
SG&A expenses	277	12.9%	115	131	246	13.4%	-31	-11.2%		
EBITDA	160	7.4%	46	41	87	4.7%	-73	-45.6%		
Operating profit	136	6.3%	36	29	65	3.5%	-71	-52.2%		
Ordinary profit	135	6.3%	36	29	65	3.6%	-70	-51.9%		
Net profit attributable to UT Group	130	6.0%	64	17	81	4.4%	-49	-37.7%		
EPS (yen)	327.01	_	_	_	203.45	_	-123.56	-37.8%		
EPS (yen) *Assuming all stock acquisition rights are exercised.	274.68		_	_	171.09	_	-103.59	-37.7%		
DPS forecast	164.81	Payout ratio 60.0%	_	_	102.66	Payout ratio 60.0%	_	_		

Net sales and gross profit

- 1H: Focused on increasing the number of hires, but failed to build a sufficient system for follow-up and onsite management of new hires. A net increase in sales of existing businesses was therefore significantly lower than initially planned.
- 2H: Revised the forecasts due to semiconductors' slower demand recovery and automobile-related manufacturers' sluggish demand for additional employees, which is affected by some automakers.
- The 2H gross profit margin is expected to be sluggish due to stagnant operating hours and related to the hiring measures.

### SG&A expenses and EBITDA

- Focus on resolving temporary internal issues that need to be improved, such as follow-up and on-site management of new hires and hiring measures, in order to normalize monthly 2,000 hires.
- Plan to invest recruiting costs and other SG&A expenses as initially planned.

<sup>\*</sup> EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization

### Revision of FY3/2025 Dividend Forecasts

FY3/2025 Revised forecasts	
Net profit attributable to UT Group	8,100 million yen
Payout ratio	60.0%
Total dividend amount	4,858 million yen
DPS forecast*	102.66 yen
Dividend Yield *Calculated using the closing price on Nov. 11, 2024: ¥2,650	3.9%

<sup>\*</sup>Quarterly dividends will be paid from the 3Q record date. The breakdown of the third quarter-end dividend and the year-end dividend is yet to be determined.

### New shareholder return policy adopted in Feb. 2024

Deliver shareholder returns through dividend payments, using a total payout ratio of 60% as the baseline target

Total dividend amount / Net profit ≥ 60%

### Results of return to shareholders

[百万円]

	FY3/2021	FY3/2022	FY3/2023	FY3/2024	FY3/2025 Forecast
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	4,299	3,140	3,831	6,361	8,100
Total dividend amount	2,663	968	_	3,817	4,858
Amount of shares bought back	_	_	2,816	_	Undecided
Total return ratio	62.0%	30.8%	73.5%	60.0%	60.0%

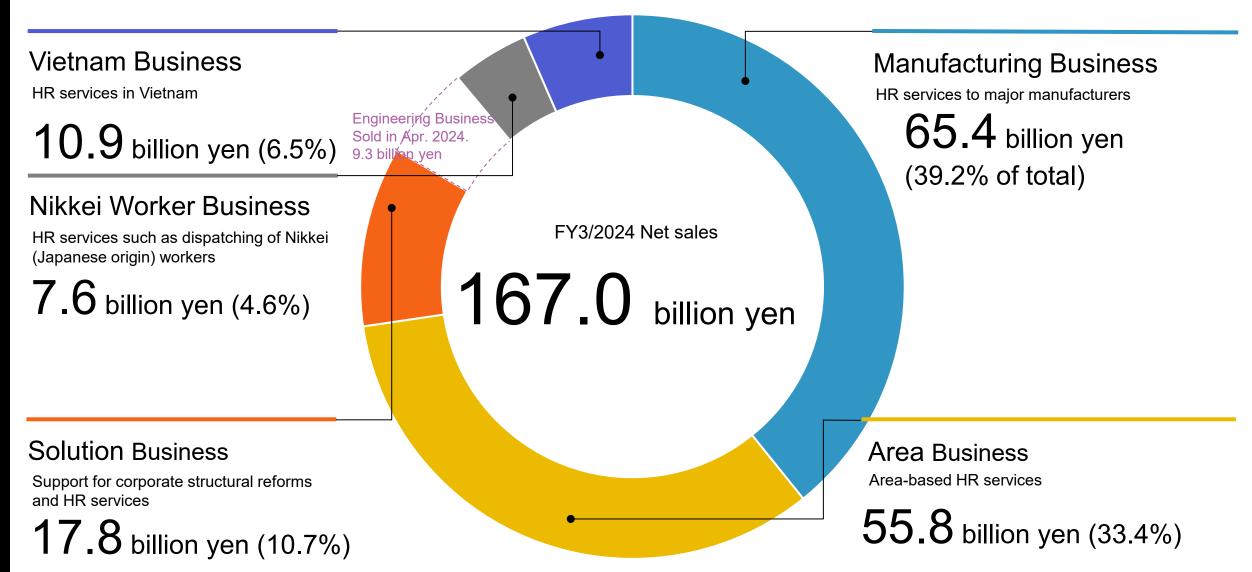
<sup>\*</sup> FY3/2021: In addition to common dividend equivalent to 30% of profit attributable to owners of the parent for FY3/2021, the special dividend, which was equivalent to 30% of profit attributable to owners of the parent for FY3/2020, was paid. In FY3/2020, we forwent return to shareholders.

<sup>\*</sup>The dividend forecast for FY3/2025 is calculated based on a payout ratio of 60% for a dividend of ¥171.09 per share, which is the profit forecast divided by the number of shares assuming all stock acquisition rights are exercised.

<sup>\*</sup> FY3/2023: We bought back our own shares, the amount of which was equivalent to 30% of profit attributable to owners of the parent, excluding the stock-based compensation expenses.



# Segment Composition (Restated FY3/2024 Results in New Segments)



# Performance-linked stock acquisition rights

# Overview of the performance-linked stock acquisition rights

Resolved by the Board of Directors (2020/5/20)

### Objective

to strengthen our commitment to pursuit of expanding corporate value of the Company in the medium- to long-term.

Total number of stock acquisition rights:

80,592 units (equivalent to 20% of issued shares) \* At the issuance

Conditions for exercise of stock acquisition rights

If any of (A), (B), and (C) below is fulfilled (one time only

Condition achieved in FY3/2023

A: EBITDA of ¥15 billion or more in any of FY3/2021-FY3/2024

—B : EBITDA of ¥20 billion or more in any of FY3/2021-FY3/2025

—C : EBITDA of ¥30 billion or more in any of FY3/2021-FY3/2027

The exercise condition is a profit growth of 1.7-2.9 times EBITDA in FY3/2020, even though dilution of up to 20% will occur.

### When to recognize stock-based compensation expenses

Because the condition A was met in FY3/2023, stock-based compensation expenses of about ¥5.5 bn was recorded.

The stock-based compensation expenses of ¥5.5 billion has been recognized as expense for accounting purposes, do not involve cashout, and do not affect cash and deposits.

The exercise price is 1,859 yen per share. When all the rights are exercised, cash will increase and <u>be transferred to stated capital and additional paid-in capital.</u>

Exercise period

May 1, 2021 to April 30, 2028

EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization + Stock-based compensation expenses

# **Corporate Outline**

Corporate Outline As of Sep. 30, 2024 Group Companies As of Sep. 30, 2024

Corporate name: UT Group Co., Ltd.

Established: April 14, 1995

Founded: April 2, 2007

Capital: 1,385 million yen

Listing: TSE Prime Market (Securities code: 2146)

Representative: President and Representative Director

Manabu Sotomura (As of April. 1, 2024)

Location: 1-11-15 Higashi-Gotanda, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo

Number of issued and

outstanding shares : 39,847,883 shares

Number of shareholders: 12.988

**UT Aim** 

Manufacturing personnel services

**UT Connect** 

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

**UT Partners** 

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

**FUJITSU UT** 

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

**UT** Toshiba

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

**UT FSAS Creative** 

Office work and IT personnel dispatch and outsourcing of operations system management and help desks

**UT MESC** 

Elevator/escalator manufacturing outsourced work and dispatch of design engineers

**UT-HITES** 

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

UT SURI-EMU

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

Green Speed Joint Stock Company Hoang Nhan Company Limited

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing in Vietnam

**UT Life Support** 

Internal benefit program management

**UT Heartful** 

Special subsidiary company

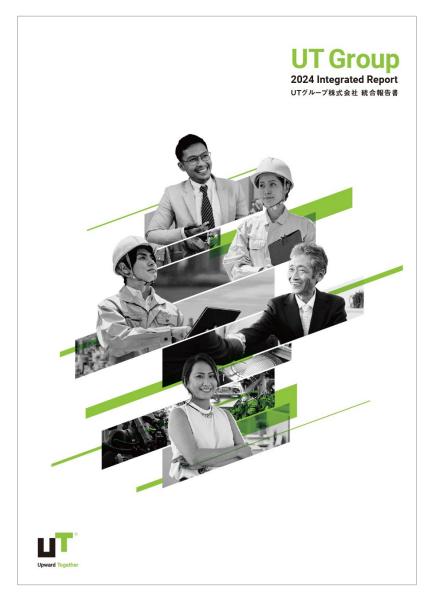
# INTEGRATED REPORT 2024 was released (Oct. 2024)

Labor practices such as lifetime employment, seniority system, new graduate recruitment, and in-house education had been sources of competitiveness for Japanese companies, underpinning Japan's high economic growth, and forming a unique labor market in Japan. At present, however, the working-age population is rapidly declining and labor shortages are becoming apparent everywhere. This is becoming a serious problem in the manufacturing industry, where UT Group dispatches its employees. At present, while non-regular workers account for about 40% of Japan's labor force, the disparity between regular employees and non-regular workers is still large. The low labor force participation rate of women also stands out in international comparisons. As the social and economic environment undergoes drastic changes, it is necessary to reform traditional labor practices and create a labor market suitable for the new era.

"We at UT Group aim to realize a society in which all people who are willing to work are equally given opportunities for skill development and career formation, and are treated fairly." The UT Group currently has approximately 34,000 technical employees in Japan, and plans to expand the scale to 50,000 - 60,000 over the medium term. We believe that creating a base for 2,000 hires per month and expanding a platform where as many diverse people as possible can become empowered and continue working will contribute to solving many issues facing the labor market. Please read our Integrated Report 2024 and take a look at our vision of the world we are aiming for and our efforts.

Please download the Integrated Report from here:

https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/2146/ir material4/238626/00.pdf



# Sustainability Data Book 2023 was released (June. 2024)

**UT GROUP Sustainability Data Book 2023** 

UTグループ サステナビリティデータブック

The "UT Group Sustainability Data Book 2024" explains our thoughts, initiatives, indicators, etc. regarding sustainability that are not included in the Integrated Reports. The contents are categorized according to the Company's four key themes, and a wide range of information and data are included so that stakeholders can better understand the Company's activities.

Please download the Sustainability Data Book from here: <a href="https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/2146/ir\_material4/232537/00.pdf">https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/2146/ir\_material4/232537/00.pdf</a>

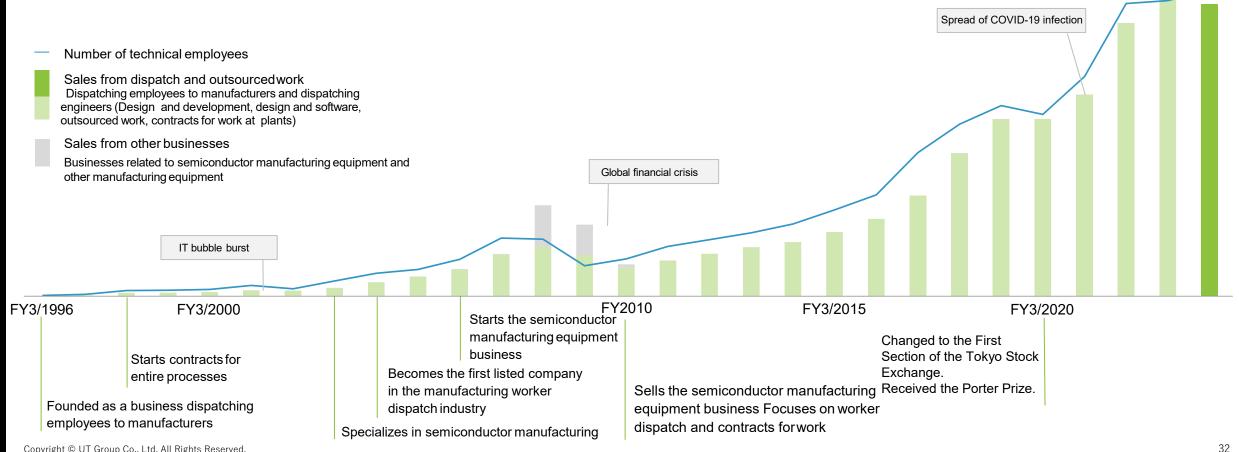
# The Leading Company in Manufacturing Dispatch Industry

### Creating vigorous workplaces empowering workers.

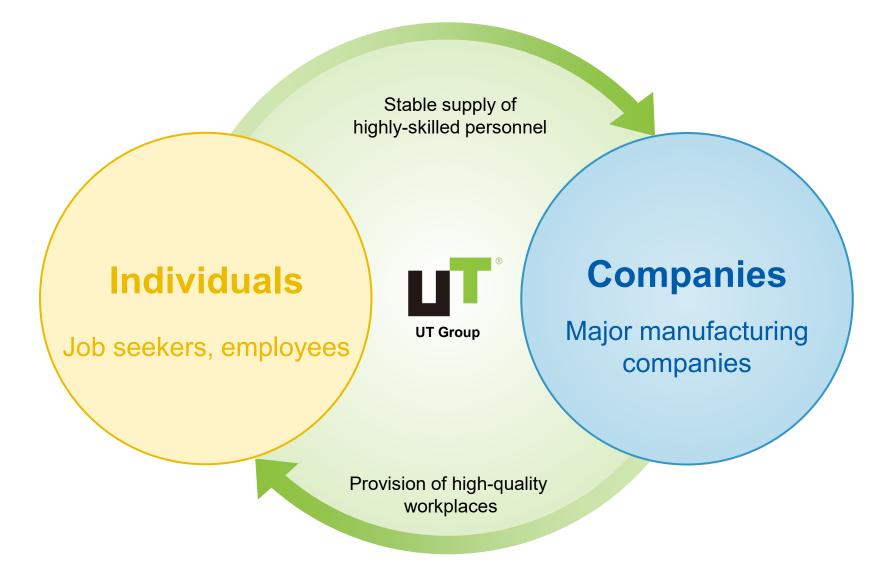
Adopting the twin customer strategy that identifies both workers and companies as clients, UT Group transformed the process of manufacturing worker dispatch into a sustainable business model that facilitates growth by both workers and companies.

Create a "diversity & inclusion" workstyle platform.

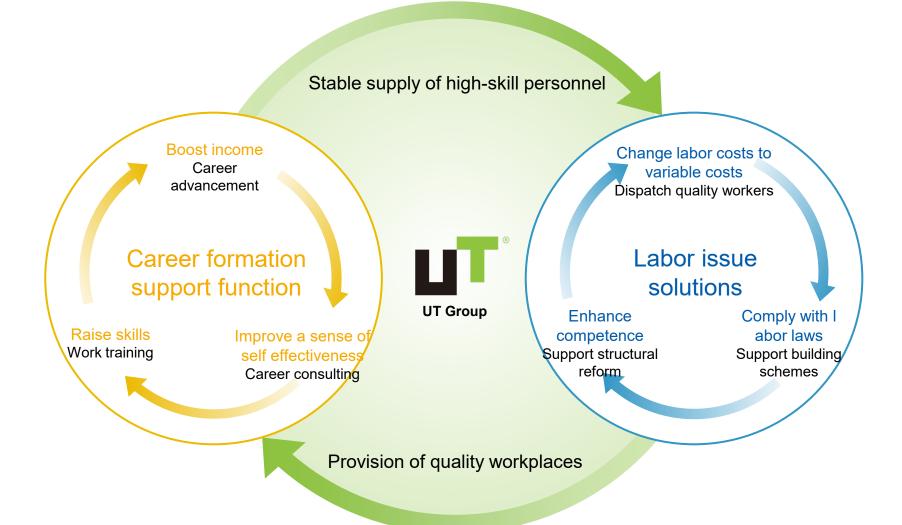
FY3/2024 Domestic Technical employees 33,078 Consolidated sales ¥167.0bn



# Twin-Customer Strategy and Career Platform



# Twin-Customer Strategy and Career Platform



### Enhancement of the systems that enable technical employees to advance their careers

Good Job

A system that allows manufacturing operators and engineers to freely choose a workplace

(Own workplaces can be selected)

One UT STEP UT

A system that supports career changes from manufacturing operators to engineering jobs at Group companies. Provides opportunities to build various careers within the Group.

(Intra-group transfers)

**Next UT** 

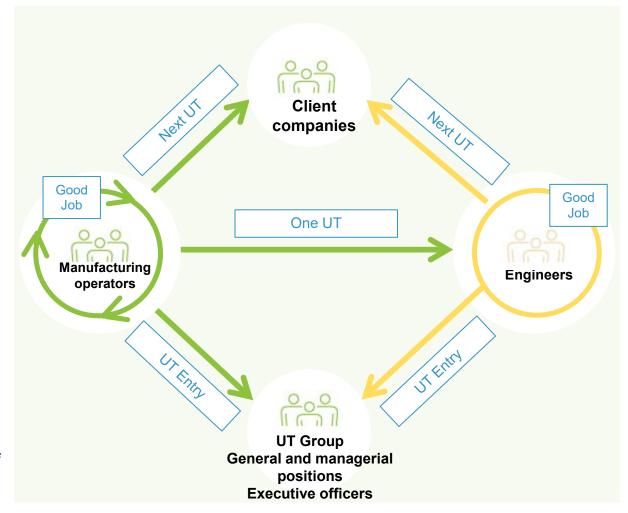
A system that supports the transfer to a client company (mainly major manufacturers). Expand career path options to motivate employees.

(Transfer from UT's dispatched worker status to being a client company's full-time employee)

**UT Entry** 

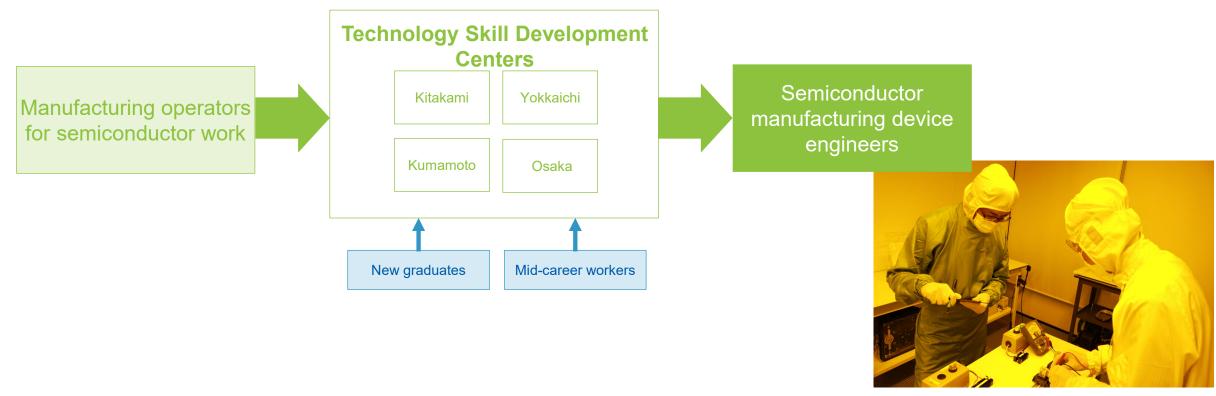
A voluntary nomination system to a manager or an executive. The industry's first system that provides all employees with a fair career opportunity regardless of their years of service, experience, or age.

(Voluntary nomination to the position of a manager or an executive)



# Strongly promote SME engineer development

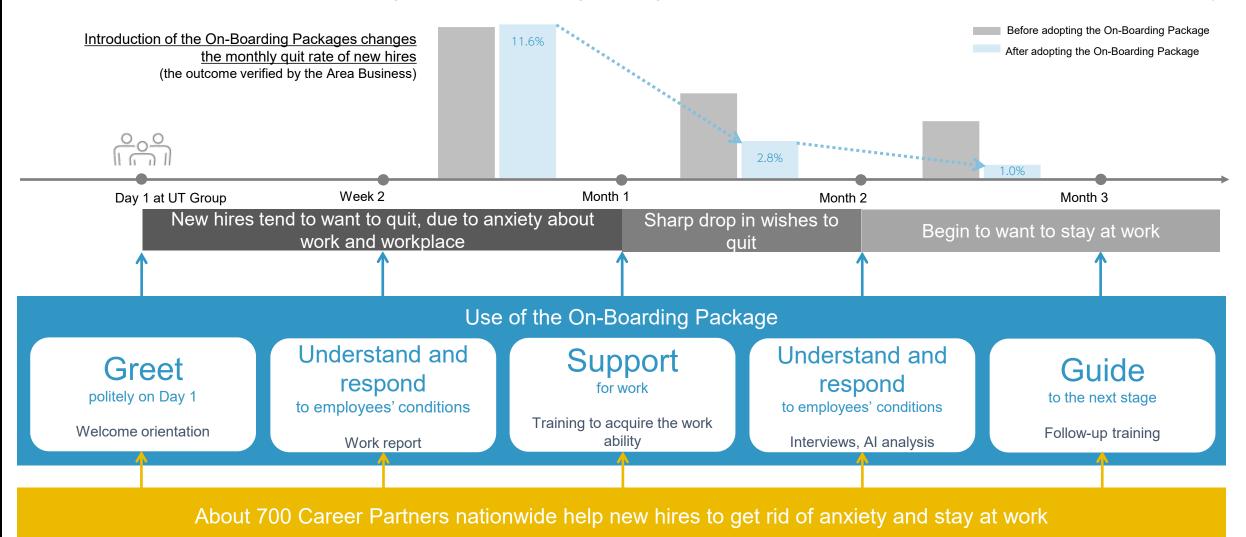
- Established four technology skill development centers for manufacturing engineers in the semiconductor field (Dec. 2020: Kitagami City in Iwate; March 2021: Yokkaichi City in Mie and Kumamoto City in Kumamoto; May 2021 Osaka City in Osaka)
- Targeting to produce 5,000 engineers in FY3/2022 FY3/2025.



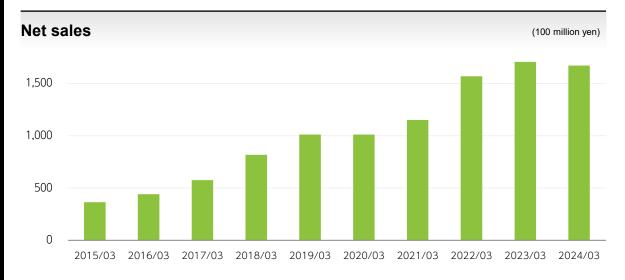
Practical training in a clean room

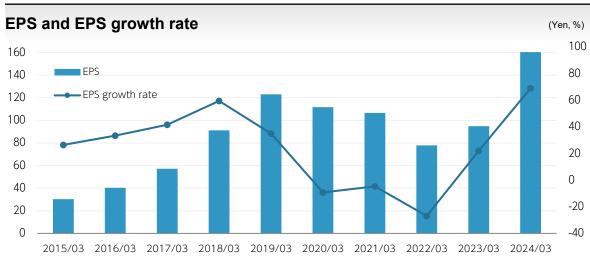
# Restrain new hires from quitting by consistent support for their growth

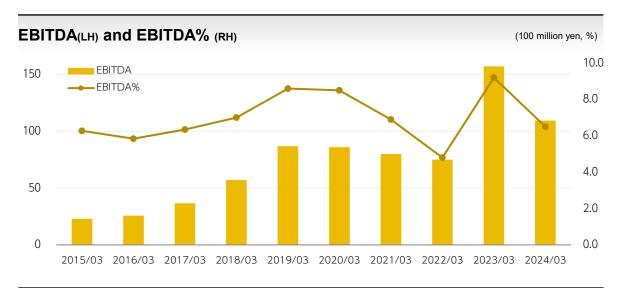
• The Area Business introduces in stages the On-Boarding Package, which removes factors to quit and creates factors to stay

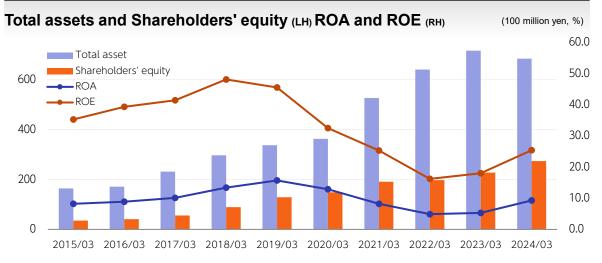


### **Trends of Business Results**



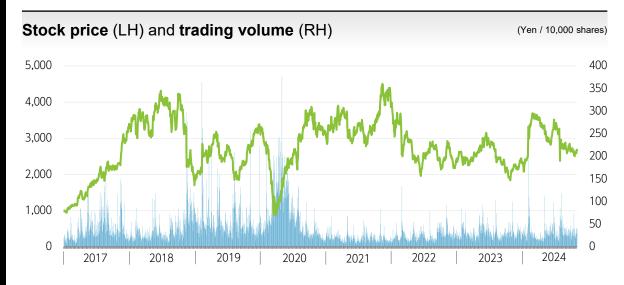


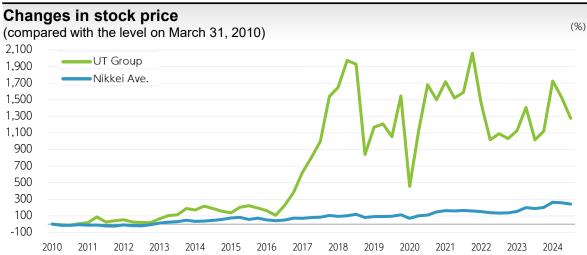


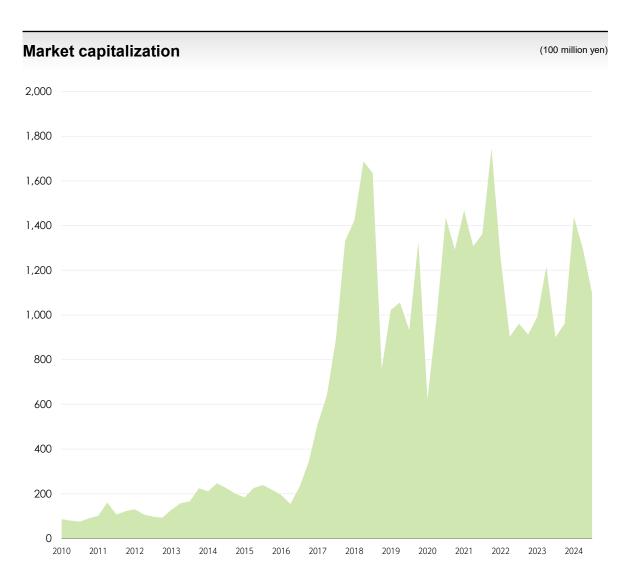


ROA=親会社株主に帰属する当期純利益/総資産(期中平均)、ROE=親会社株主に帰属する当期純利益/株主資本(期中平均)

### Trends of Stock Price







# Create vigorous workplaces empowering workers.



**UT Group Co., Ltd.** 

#### Disclaimer

This document has been prepared solely for the purpose of providing information regarding the Company's business forecasts. The forward-looking comments and forecasts expressed in this document are the plans based on the Company's judgment based on information available at the time of its preparation and are subject to change without notice. Actual results may differ from the above forecasts, due to various factors.

[Inquiries]

UT Group Co., Ltd.

IR Unit e-mail: ir@ut-g.co.jp